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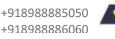


TODAY'S ANALYSIS (09 January 2025)

TOPICS TO BE COVERED

- LANDSLIDE DAMS IN UTTARAKHAND
- BHARAT POL
- MCQs







- A landslide dam happens when a large landslide blocks a river, forming a natural barrier.
- While these dams can create temporary lakes, they are unstable and can break easily.
- When these dams collapse, they can cause Landslide Lake Outburst Floods (LLOFs), which can harm areas downstream.
- Uttarakhand, with its mountainous landscape, is highly vulnerable to these events.
- A study by researchers at IIT Roorkee highlights the increasing risk, especially in

the Garhwal region, where landslide dams are a serious concern.

KEY FINDINGS

- Most Vulnerable Rivers: The research, published under the title "Landslide Dam Studies in Uttarakhand, India: Past, Present, and Future", identifies the Alaknanda River as the most vulnerable to landslide-induced dams. Other rivers at risk include:
 - Mandakini River

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- **Dhauliganga River** Ο
- Bhagirathi River 0
- Geographical Risk:
 - Uttarakhand's unique topography narrow valleys, steep slopes, and deep gorges

— significantly increases the risk of landslide dams.

- In such narrow valleys, landslides are more likely to block rivers, leading to the creation of unstable lakes that can rupture without warning.
- Climate Change and Increased Vulnerability:
 - The study also finds that **climate change** is exacerbating the problem.
 - Warmer temperatures and unpredictable weather patterns, including heavy rainfall Ο

and **cloudbursts**, have increased the frequency of landslides in the region.

Climate-induced changes, such as glacial melting, also contribute to unstable land 0

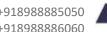
conditions, making landslide dams more frequent and dangerous.

- Landslide Dam Formation Timeline:
 - Landslide dams have been forming in the region for centuries, with some occurrences 0

dating back to the Last Glacial Maximum (LGM) period (29,000-19,000 years ago).

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o Significant events, however, have been recorded more recently, particularly since

the 19th century. This highlights the growing frequency of such occurrences.

- Chamoli's High Risk:
 - Chamoli district has been identified as the most vulnerable area for landslide dams

in Uttarakhand, with other high-risk districts including Rudraprayag and Uttarkashi, all

located in the Garhwal region.

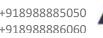
- These areas have witnessed the most frequent and severe incidents of landslide dam formation.
- Historical Example: Gohna Tal:
 - One of the most notable landslide dam incidents in the region was the formation of Gohna Tal in 1893, which was created by a large landslide blocking the flow of a river in Chamoli district.
 - The lake created by this blockage partially breached in 1894 and fully ruptured in

1970, leading to massive downstream flooding.

- This breach impacted areas as far as **Haridwar**, around **200 km away**.
- o Gohna Tal serves as a chilling reminder of the danger that long-standing landslide

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TRIGGERS & IMPACT FACTORS

- Seasonal Triggers: The monsoon season particularly the month of August is the peak period for landslide dam events. During this time, heavy rainfall triggers
 landslides, which may block rivers and create natural dams.
- Cloudbursts and Debris Slides
 - In addition to heavy rainfall, **cloudbursts** are a common trigger for landslides.
 - The study points out that debris slides, which are the most common type of

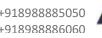
landslide in Uttarakhand's hills, often block rivers, forming unstable natural dams.

- These debris slides are made of soil, rocks, and trees, and their unpredictability makes them particularly dangerous.
- Climate Change:

Increased rainfall intensity and the higher frequency of cloudbursts, both linked to climate change, are exacerbating the risk. The more intense weather patterns destabilize slopes, leading to more frequent landslides and, consequently, more landslide dams.

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HUMAN ACTIVITIES & THEIR ROLE

- Deforestation:
 - The rapid **deforestation** in the region, **primarily driven by infrastructure development and agriculture,** has weakened the soil's natural resilience.
 - The roots of trees help hold the soil together, preventing landslides.
 - When these forests are cleared, the slopes become much more prone to failure, leading to more frequent landslides and dam formations.
- Road Construction and Hydropower Projects:
 - Infrastructure development such as road construction in steep, mountainous areas

disrupts the natural landscape, making it more susceptible to landslides.

• The construction of hydropower projects also alters river flows and puts pressure

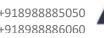
on the natural environment, contributing to the risk of landslide dams.

PREPAREDNESS & MITIGATION MEASURES

- Unpredictability of Landslide Dam Stability:
 - A major challenge in managing landslide dams is their **unpredictability**.

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- The stability of these dams is difficult to assess, and they can fail suddenly, triggering destructive floods.
- Since these dams can exist for decades before breaching, it's crucial to continuously monitor their condition.
- Importance of Preparedness:
 - Despite a decrease in major incidents since **2018**, the study underscores the importance of **disaster preparedness**.
- The unpredictable nature of landslide dam breaches means that local authorities must have effective **early warning systems** in place.
- Communities in **high-risk areas** like **Chamoli**, **Rudraprayag**, and **Uttarkashi** should be regularly educated on evacuation procedures and the signs of an impending dam breach.
- Monitoring and Risk Assessment: The study emphasizes the need for continuous monitoring of rivers and valleys that are susceptible to landslide dams. Technologies like remote sensing and drone surveillance can help detect landslides before they block rivers, allowing authorities to take precautionary measures in time.



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BHARAT POL

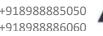


- On January 7, 2025, Union Home Minister Shri Amit Shah officially launched the BHARAT POL portal, a significant development by the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) in New Delhi.
- This initiative aligns with the government's ongoing efforts to strengthen law enforcement capabilities and improve the efficiency of international police cooperation.
- The **BHARAT POL portal** will provide India's law enforcement agencies (LEAs) with access to **real-time international assistance**, **facilitating better coordination** in the

fight against cross-border crimes.

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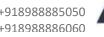
CONTEXT & GOVERNMENT EFFORTS

- Under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, the central government has undertaken multiple initiatives to modernize and empower India's law enforcement infrastructure.
- The launch of the **BHARATPOL portal** is part of these broader efforts to enhance **India's** police capabilities in handling complex, transnational crimes.
- These crimes include cyber-crime, financial crimes, drug trafficking, human trafficking, online radicalization, and organized crime.
- The portal aims to address the increasing challenges posed by these crimes, which often require swift international collaboration. With transnational crime syndicates operating across borders, faster access to global police networks like INTERPOL is critical.

HOW BHARAT POL WORKS?

• Real-Time Access to International Cooperation: The BHARAT POL portal will streamline the process of accessing international police assistance, making it easier

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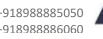
for India's law enforcement agencies to request help in criminal investigations. This

includes accessing important INTERPOL notices, such as:

- Red Notices (for seeking the arrest of fugitives)
- Other **color-coded INTERPOL notices** related to different types of criminal alerts.
- Collaboration with INTERPOL:
 - The **CBI**, serving as the **National Central Bureau (NCB)** of India for INTERPOL, plays a vital role in facilitating cooperation between Indian law enforcement and global counterparts.
 - Through the BHARAT POL portal, police officers across India will have direct access to INTERPOL's network, ensuring quicker and more efficient responses to criminal investigations.
- Unified Platform for Stakeholders: The portal will unify multiple stakeholders involved in criminal investigations:
 - **CBI** (Central Bureau of Investigation)
 - INTERPOL Liaison Officers (ILOs) at the Central, State, and Union Territory levels
 - o Unit Officers (UOs) at the district and police station levels, such as

Superintendents of Police (SPs) and Commissioners of Police.







This integration aims to replace the traditional methods of communication (e.g., letters, faxes, emails) with a more efficient, real-time system, thus enhancing collaboration and reducing delays.

ADDRESSING GROWING THREAT OF TRANSNATIONAL CRIMES

The portal is designed to meet the rising demand for rapid responses in international criminal investigations, especially with the growing footprint of crimes such as:

- Cybercrime: With the increasing reliance on digital platforms, cybercriminals often operate across national borders, requiring quick international action.
- **Financial Crimes**: Money laundering, fraud, and other financial crimes often involve multiple countries and require coordinated global efforts.
- Drug and Human Trafficking: International syndicates involved in trafficking require fast cross-border cooperation to dismantle.
- **Online Radicalization**: Terrorist activities and online radicalization require swift action to prevent further harm.

The BHARATPOL portal will enable Indian police officers to receive quicker responses, whether they are seeking information, issuing arrest warrants, or coordinating investigations with foreign counterparts. ADDRESS: 19/1A Shakti Nagar, Nagiya Park Near Delhi University, New Delhi - 110007 (India)





ENHANCING POLICE EFFICIENCY & EFFECTIVENESS

The portal will act as a transformative tool for field-level police officers, making them

more effective in combating crimes and security challenges. By providing:

- Faster access to international assistance.
- Improved real-time coordination between local law enforcement agencies and international police networks.

The BHARATPOL portal will significantly enhance the efficiency and speed with which

crimes are investigated and addressed, particularly those involving international lements.

AWARD CEREMONY

In addition to the launch of the BHARAT POL portal, Shri Amit Shah will present Police

Medals to 35 CBI officers who have been awarded:

- President's Police Medals for Distinguished Service.
- Union Home Minister's Medal for Excellence in Investigation.

These awards recognize the exceptional service and dedication of CBI officers in enhancing

the country's criminal justice system.

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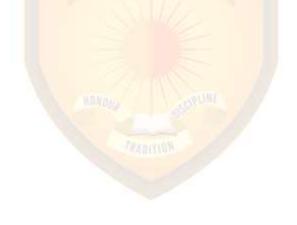
CONCLUSION

A Major Step Forward for India's Law Enforcement

The BHARAT POL portal marks a transformative leap in the modernization of India's law

enforcement infrastructure. By providing real-time access to international cooperation

and facilitating **quick responses to transnational crimes**, the portal will enhance the country's ability to handle increasingly complex criminal investigations.





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MCQs

- 1. Consider the following features of Landslide Dams and mark the correct ones:
 - 1. Landslide dams can create temporary lakes.
 - 2. Landslide dams can cause Landslide Lake Outburst floods.
 - (A) Only 1
 - (B) Only 2
 - (C) Both 1 & 2
 - (D) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans. (C)

- 2. Which of these lakes is an example of Landslide Dam lake?
 - (A) Sat Tal
 - (B) Nainital
 - (C) Roopkund Lake
 - (D) Gohna Tal

Ans. (D)

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- 3: Which of these can be the reasons for Landslide Dams formation?
 - 1. Deforestation.
 - 2. Climate Change
 - 3. Road construction
 - (A) Only 2
 - (B) Only 1 & 2
 - (C) Only 1 & 3
 - (D) All of the above

Ans. (D)

4. Which organisation in India serves as the National Central Bureau for INTERPOL in

India?

- (A) National Investigation Agency
- (B) Central Bureau of Investigation
- (C) Central Vigilance Commission
- (D) Indian Army

Ans. (B)

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- 5. Which of these are the objectives of BHARAT POL?
 - 1. Faster access to international assistance.
 - 2. Improved real-time coordination between local law enforcement agencies
 - (A) Only 1
 - (B) Only 2
 - (C) Both 1 & 2
 - (D) Neither 1 nor 2
 - Ans. (C)

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